## Thromboembolic events and bleedings in ICU patients with COVID-19

- a nationwide retrospective study

Intensiv Symposium 2022 Hindsgavl 25.03.2020 Et stort tak til alle dem der har hjulpet med dataindsamling:

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#### Background

 In 2020 several studies suggested a high proportion of COVID-19 patients admitted to ICU developed thromboembolic complications.<sup>1-4</sup>

• Autopsy studies of COVID-19 patients confirmed presence of thrombosis in the small vessels and capillaries of the lungs.<sup>5,6</sup>

- 1. Klok. Thromb Res 2020; 191: 148–50.
- 2. Middeldorp. J Thromb Haemost 2020; 18: 1995–2002
- 3. Poissy. Circulation 2020; 142: 184-6.
- 4. Cui. J Thromb Haemost 2020; 18: 1421–4.
- 5. Fox. Lancet Respir Med 2020; 8: 681–6.
- 6. Yao. Cell Res 2021; 31: 836–46.

# Increased thrombosis prophylaxis were recommended



### FOREBYGGELSE OG BEHANDLING

AFTROMBOSE OG BLØDNING HOS COVID-19-PATIENTER

 As a result of the high rates of thrombotic events reported in the early studies, several investigators suggested an increase in prophylactic anticoagulation doses for critically ill patients with COVID-19 (Blood 2020; 135)

 The Danish Society of Thrombosis and haemostasis (DSTHI) published new guid online in April 2020, recommending incr dosage of thromboprophylaxis in ICU par

TABEL 1: ANBEFALINGER VEDRØRENDE TROMBOSEPROFYLAKSE

PATIENTGRUPPE	ANBEFALET TROMBOSEPROFYLAKSE	
Indlagt pga COVID-19, ikke intensiv (22)	Fragmin® 5.000 ie x 1 dgl. eller Innohep® 4.500 ie x 1 dgl. eller Klexane® 40 mg x 1 dgl	
Indlagt på intensiv pga COVID-19 (4)	Fragmin® 5.000 ie x 2 dgl. eller Innohep® 4.500 ie x 2 dgl. eller Klexane® 40 mg x 2 dgl.	

#### The Danish Covid-thrombosis study

- Aim: To describe incidence, characteristics and risk factors for clinically relevant thromboembolic events and bleedings in ICU patients with COVID-19 and to explore whether these events are associated with mortality
- *Inclusion criteria*: Patients admitted to an ICU in Denmark with laboratory-confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection based on the national Danish COVID-ICU-database<sup>1</sup>
- Methods: We manually went through medical files and registered coagulation variables, transfusion data, bleeding events and thrombotic events during the entire ICU admission.

1. Haase et al. Acta Anaesthesiol Scand. 2020)

#### 1369 patients included from March 2020 – June 2021

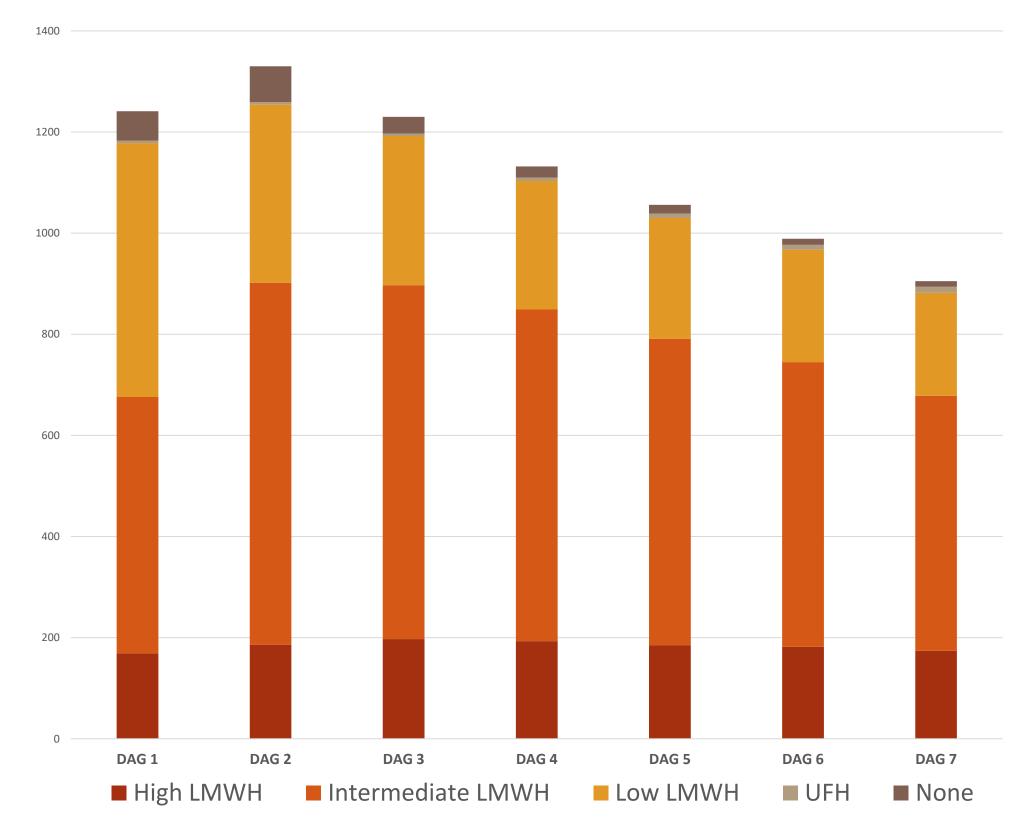
Preliminary results 1 -BASELINE

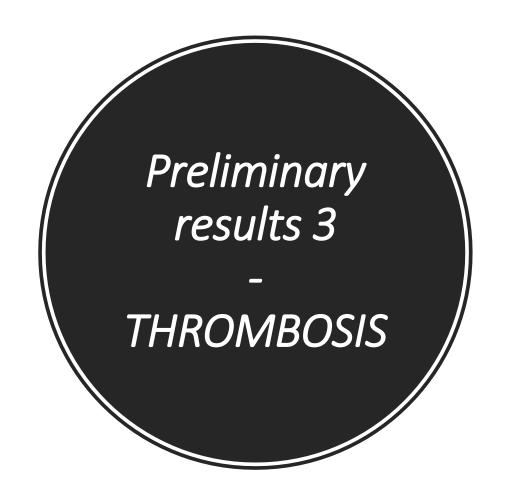
Table 1. Baseline and clinical characteristics of the 1369 patients in the Danish covid- thrombosis sub-study			
Age	68 -	IQR 58 – 75	
Female	443 -	32%	
Body Mass Index (BMI)	28 -	IQR 25 – 33	
Days from hospital admission to ICU admission	1 -	IQR 0-4	
Co-morbidities:			
- Use of antithrombotic medications prior to ICU admission	410 -	31%	
- Haematological malignancy	74 -	5.4%	
- Solid tumor cancer	46 -	3.4%	
Organ support during ICU admission:			
- Mechanical ventilation	873 -	64%	
- Renal replacement therapy	223 -	16%	

Data are in median (IQR) or no. (%). Missing variables: BMI (141(10.1%)), otherwise no missing values

#### Heparin during the first 7 days





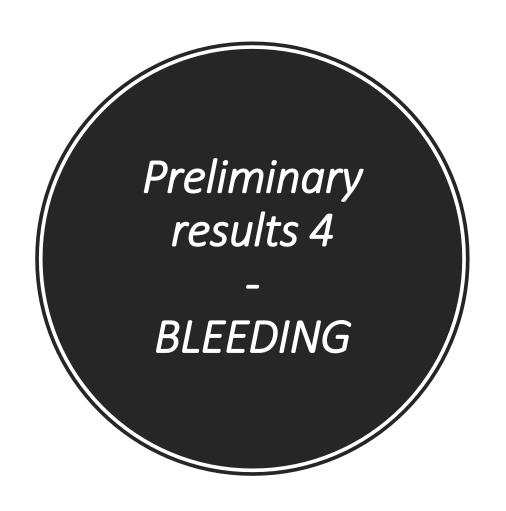


#### Thrombotic events in the ICU

Total number registered events: 158/1369 (11.5%)

- DVT 16 (1.17%)
- Pulmonary embolism: 119 (8.7%)
- AMI: 3 (0.2%)
- Other thrombotic events: 13 (1%)

- Only thromboembolic events which were confirmed radiographically or ultrasonographically were registered
- Only thromboembolic events during the ICU admission were registered. However, some patients had thrombosis before entering the ICU.



#### Bleedings in the ICU

Total number of patients with bleeding in the ICU: 309/1369 (22.6%)

- Total number of registered bleeding events: 876
- Total number of patients with **major** bleeding\* in the ICU: 81 (5.9%)
- Total number of registered major bleeding events:\* 133
  - \*Major bleeding event defined as requiring transfusion of at least 2 units of Red Blood Cells (RBC) and/or intracranial bleeding and/or bleeding resulting in need for major therapeutic intervention

• It was only possible to register 10 bleeding events per patient, however some patients bled more.

#### Conclusion

We found an overall high rate of thrombosis and bleeding in our patients; 12 % experienced a thrombotic event and 24% of the patients bled while in the ICU.

Further questions – please contact

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